



RUSSIA AFTER UKRAINE

Is the Past Prologue?

BACKGROUND

CONFLICTS

REFORMS

FOREIGN POLICY

AFTER UKRAINE



BACKGROUND

Secure and maintain the near abroad

Preserve status as a global power

Limit the influence and actions of the US and NATO

Drivers: vulnerability and belief in great power status



CHECHNYA 1994



Planning and Intelligence

Command and Control

Training

Equipment and Logistics



GEORGIA 2008



Intelligence

Command and Control

Training

Equipment and Logistics



REFORMS



Reform of the Russian Armed Forces

By 2012, the military is to be downsized to 1 million personnel, a professional NCO corps is to be created, and its command and control system is to be streamlined

Structural Changes

At present: military district - army - division - regiment

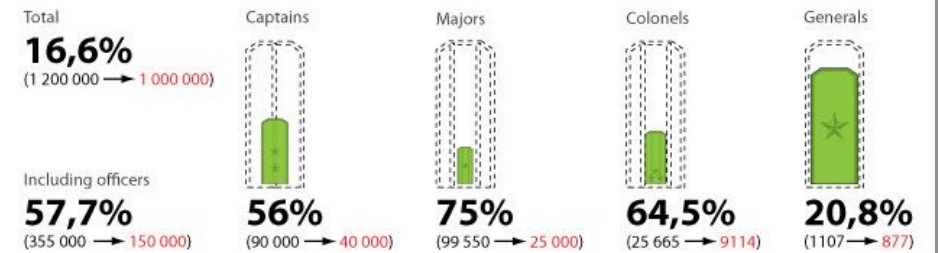
In the future: military district - operation command - brigade

Goals:

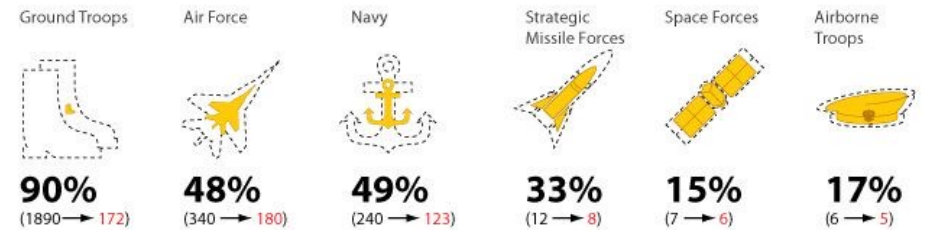
- ★ Keeping up with modern challenges (a division is a unit that is too large for local armed conflicts prevalent in the modern world)
- ★ Optimization of command and control (eliminating superfluous elements)

Division	Brigade
Numerical size	
8,000–14,000	4,500–6,500
Constituent units	
Brigades, regiments, battalions, companies	Battalions, companies
Commander's rank	
Major general	Colonel

Personnel reductions



Reduction in the number of military units



Source: Rossiiskaya Gazeta, Oct. 15, 2008



FOREIGN POLICY

1997 FOREIGN POLICY
CONCEPT

MILITARY INTERVENTIONS

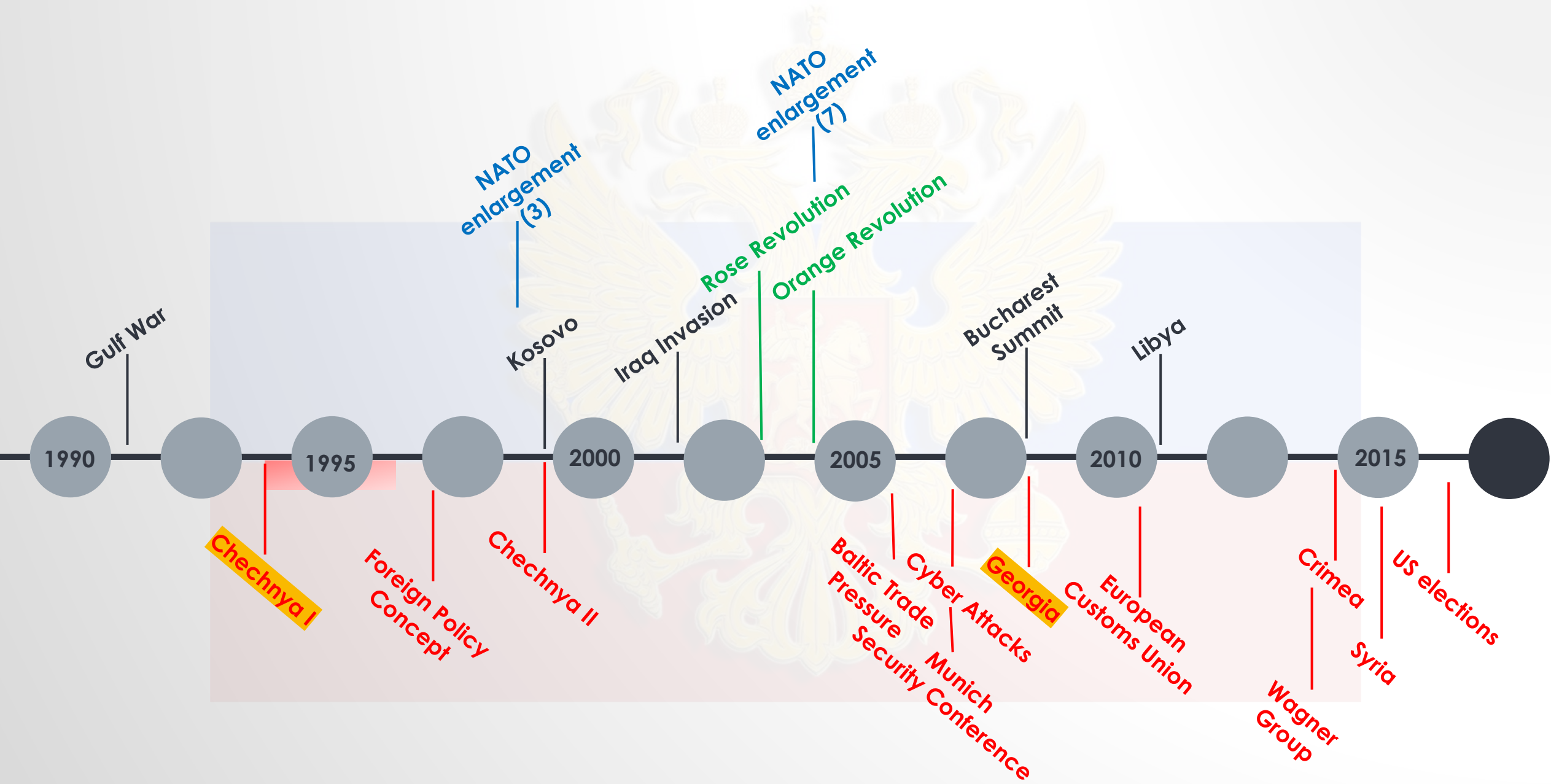
PUBLIC POSTURE

ECONOMIC LEVERAGE

INDIRECT TOOLS



RUSSIA'S RESPONSE



AFTER UKRAINE

More reform

Opportunistic aggression

Continued focus on
Ukraine



QUESTIONS



